Cultivating Creative Writing Skills through Stylistics in the Classroom

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ARTICLE INFO

Article History:
Received: July 11, 2023
Revised: September 25, 2023
Accepted: September 26, 2023
Available Online: September 27, 2023

Abstract
The current study focuses on employing stylistics to improve creative writing skills in classrooms. The Great Gatsby by F. Scott Fitzgerald is the selected text for this experimental research. This study explores the development of techniques that include lyrical prose, vivid descriptions, and dialogue among students. Undergraduate students from two universities took part in the study. Researchers conducted interviews with teachers and classroom observations to analyze the involvement of the teachers in the writing process. This study concludes that stylistics enhance a deeper understanding of language which consequently improves students’ creative writing skills. This study is instrumental in opening new avenues in the field of creative writing pedagogy which will provide the instructors with practical strategies for improving students’ writing skills.

Keywords:
Creative Writing Skills
Improving Creativity
Writing Composition

Funding:
This research received no specific grant from any funding agency in the public, commercial, or not-for-profit sectors.

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1. Introduction
Creative writing is an indispensable skill for students, and teachers are persistently looking for innovative ways to improve their students' writing skills (Scott, 2023). One of the conventional approaches to developing creative writing skills is using Stylistics which relates to the analysis of a piece of work where linguistics and literary techniques combine. Similarly, Widdowson (2014) considers stylistics as the study of literary discourse that combines linguistics and literary criticism. Chapman (1973) defines, "The linguistic study of different styles is called stylistics". By studying the Stylistic characteristics of phenomenal works of literature, students are likely to use the language more effectively and efficiently while writing independently (Paul Simpson, 2004). Writing is a complex process that requires not only technical skills of language but also creative written expression (Morley, 2007). Teaching creative writing, therefore, can be a challenging task for instructors who must find modernized ways to help students develop their own written expression while mastering the fundamental principles of writing (Scott, 2023). One approach in the field of teaching creative writing that has gained popularity in recent years is Stylistics. Linguistic analysis of how meaning is fashioned through language use. Stylistics scrutinizes the linguistic peculiarities of literary works, which can have a considerable impact, as noted by Burke in 2014. How language functions are profoundly explained by instructors, giving students a better comprehension. Achieving particular impacts in writing can be done by using language (Thompson, 2019). F. Scott Fitzgerald's acclaimed novel, The Great Gatsby, serves as the main basis for the present research. The creative writing skills of students in the classroom are being assessed, with a focus on determining the effectiveness of various writing styles. Stylistics, as a teaching tool, can be utilized to educate students on a variety of subjects in the classroom. The study delves into this topic, examining its application to learners. Imagery is one of the many linguistic features that an instructor may introduce when teaching about a text. Writing can become elevated through the use of metaphors and symbolism. Adding these qualities yields a unique flair that stands out among other works. So, incorporating them is crucial in enhancing writing (Smith, 2020).
Aiming to uncover new findings, this investigation seeks Effective pedagogical approaches for teaching creative skills are constantly under debate, and there are many contributions to this ongoing discussion. Incorporating the impact of Stylistics techniques on writing development for students, we can observe a dynamic change in the composition. Creative writing skills can be strengthened by exploring stylistic analysis which involves their practical application. Clark (2017) brought attention to this topic by pointing it out through their research. Engaging students is a known result of Pedagogical Stylistics, based on previous research. Interpreting the stylistic dimensions of written material is crucial in order to generate a unique perspective. Writing creatively can be improved by practicing skills (Boulter, 2007; O'Keeffe, 2015). Several researchers have also demonstrated that operationalizing the writing styles in the classroom can lead to improved creative writing skills Paul Simpson (2004). However, limited research has been conducted specifically on the Stylistics use of The Great Gatsby in pedagogy. This research aims to fill this gap by making practical applications and implementation of writing styles to examine how Stylistics can be used to improve students' understanding of this classic literary text which may lead to developing their creative writing skills. The Great Gatsby is a novel by American author F. Scott Fitzgerald, first published in 1925. It narrates the story of Jay Gatsby, who is stupendous and leads a lavish lifestyle.

The novel is a biographical account of a bachelor who is obsessed with rekindling his former relationship with the woman, he once loved, now a married lady, named Daisy Buchanan. The plot of the story is driven by the narrator, Nick Carraway. It is he who takes the readers on a roller coaster ride where they witness the lavish parties and secret affairs of Gatsby and Daisy's elite society. The realistic portrayal of the society of the Roaring Twenties is appealing to contemporary readers who become aware of, not only the evils of that time but also the tragic consequences of their actions. The novel is also recognized for its vivid portrayal of the jazz era. The author has knitted the story while employing various incidents and themes such as love, wealth, and social class. The novel uses the stream-of-consciousness narrative technique to dive deep into the inner thoughts and feelings of characters generally and more particularly to the character of Nick and Gatsby. This technique allows readers to experience the story from the characters' point of view oscillating between past and present with the characters. This technique helps readers to gain a deeper understanding of their drives of action and emotions. The novel is filled with a great deal of irony, especially in portraying the wealthy and glamorous lifestyles of its characters. Despite their wealth and social status, the characters are often unhappy signifying their decadent lifestyles will ultimately lead to bitter tragedy. Its poetic language and use of literary techniques such as symbolism and metaphor have made it a classic of American literature and it is widely studied and taught in schools and colleges around the globe.

The development and inculcation of creative writing among students pose numerous challenges for the instructors. Based on the findings of the research, practical innovations have been proposed in this field, but no conclusive evidence has been found. In this respect, the present study attempts to propose the amalgamation of Stylistics with literature in general and with the novel The Great Gatsby in particular. Researchers are of the view that analyzing a specific piece of writing through the lens of Stylistics in the classroom helps to improve the creative writing skills of learners. This study explores the practical application of Stylistics in the classroom and suggests language facilitators’ practical strategies for improving their students’ writing skills. The objectives of this research are:

1. To explore the use of Stylistics in the classroom to develop students' creative writing skills.
2. To analyze Stylistics features in "The Great Gatsby" by F. Scott Fitzgerald.
3. To identify practical strategies for teachers to enhance their students' creative writing abilities using Stylistics.

The research questions for the study are:

1. How can Stylistics be used in the classroom to develop students' creative writing skills?
2. What are the Stylistics features of "The Great Gatsby" by F. Scott Fitzgerald, and how can they be used to teach creative writing?
3. What practical strategies can teachers use to enhance their students’ creative writing abilities using Stylistics?

Stylistics can be incorporated to teach creative writing skills. Stylistics is a branch of linguistics that is an amalgamation of literature and linguistics. It is very helpful for the transparent understanding of literature while exploring linguistic aspects of texts. The novel, *The Great Gatsby* authored by *F. Scott’s Fitzgerald*, provides the opportunity to analyze classic literary works and identify specific Stylistics traits that lead to creative writing. By examining the practical application of writing style in the classroom, this study provides language instructors with some of the proven methods that can be used to improve students’ creative writing skills. Therefore, the findings of this research will have implications for teachers, educators, curriculum designers, and developers who wish to encourage the development of creative writing skills among students. Ultimately, this research aims to help students to enhance their understanding and appreciation of literary texts.

2. Literature Review

Style comes from the Latin word ‘stylus’ which literally means a way, method or manner of expressing something. For a literary author, it is the way of communicating his idea to the readers and spectators. He or She has to dress up that idea through style, and the style of the work is as significant as the subject matter. The writing style of a poet or poetess may deviate in many ways from the already set standards of composing poetry. Among these deviations, some are vivid whereas others are hidden (Leech & Short, 2007). The worth of the stylistic analysis lies in reading literary works (drama, poetry, prose, and novel) and the effect of linguistic fluctuation in them. Each and every author has defined this subject according to his or her own point of view. In other words, we come across various definitions of stylistics. For example, according to Widdowson (2014), Stylistic deals with literary texts from a linguistic point of view. Likewise, stylistic analysis, according to Short, Busse, and Plummer (2007), is a study of linguistics in literary works. The use of linguistic tools such as phonetics and phonemes cannot be ruled out completely. The objective of this study is to introduce the tools of stylistics and the pragmatic presentation of such tools in the analysis of poetry. While analyzing the style and comprehending the impact on readers, students acquire an important place. Stylistics has a purposeful nature therefore receiving information from the field of language. In addition, it enriches our ability to understand and interpret literature in a more logical and scientific way. Stylistics is now an obligatory part of contemporary criticism, so it is not possible for students to overlook the field. For the same reason again, critics do not separate it from the more crucial and broader field of textual theories. Every writer creates special situations and spaces in which he or she depicts and shows lessons. Such aims of moral teaching cannot be distinguished from the style.

Effective teaching of stylistics often involves modeling and guided practice, where instructors demonstrate the analysis process and then work collaboratively with students to analyze texts (Burke, 2014). Instructors may select a diverse range of texts for analysis to expose students to various stylistic techniques and writing styles (Jeffries & McIntyre, 2010). A study by van Peer, Zyngier, and Chesnokova (2011) explored that students were taught to write poetry by using a Stylistics style that produced more complex and challenging poems than those taught to write in a traditional way. This study also explores how using stylistics helps students to better understand the relationship between form and meaning in poetry. Despite these positive results, there are also some challenges associated with the use of stylistics in the classroom. For example, some students find it difficult to understand the jargon used in the writing style, which can be a barrier to engaging with the material (P. Simpson, 2018). Furthermore, some educators may lack the training and expertise necessary to effectively teach writing styles (Carter, 2014, 2015).

Several studies highlight the potential benefits of using writing styles in the classroom to teach creative writing to language learners. For example, a study conducted by P. Simpson (2018), reveals that the students who were taught English language creative writing using stylistics were reported to have ten times increased motivation in learning, confidence in practice, and interest in writing. The study also finds out that using Stylistics, as a medium of teaching creative writing, enabled students to effectively understand literary texts. Semke (1984) found that the use of Stylistics in the classroom encourages students to explore the
linguistic features of texts independently and explore the implementations of features for meaning. Short et al. (2007) concedes that stylistics students to “discovering things for themselves, and feeling the significance of what they are told as well as understanding it intellectually” (p. 48). Instructors promote critical thinking and the skills of reflection and self-analysis among students. This study also finds out that students who were taught to operationalize their writing styles, by certain techniques, showed immense creativity in writing. Despite these positive results, there are also some challenges associated with the use of stylistics in the classroom. For example, some students find it difficult to understand the jargon used in the writing style, which can be a barrier to engaging with the material (P. Simpson, 2018). Furthermore, some educators may lack the training and expertise necessary to effectively teach writing styles (Clark, 2017).

3. Research Methodology

This research uses a qualitative approach to explore the practical application of Stylistics in the classroom to improve students' creative writing skills. This is an intensive analysis of an individual unit stressing developmental factors in relation to the environment. This study focuses on F. Scott's Fitzgerald novel The Great Gatsby in reference to Stylistics. The study involves collecting and analyzing data from multiple sources. Such as, including interviews with educators, analysis of students’ writing samples, and classroom observations.

3.1. Participants

Participants of the research were Undergraduate students of Bachelor of Science: in English who were selected from two cities: Shikarpur and Karachi. The teachers have experience of teaching creative writing while using the Stylistics literary techniques in their teaching tenure. Students are taught Stylistics as a core subject during the sixth or seventh semester. Data was collected from multiple sources, including semi-structured interviews of English language teachers who are well-versed in using Stylistics in the classroom. The interview questions were mainly about their experience of interpreting writing style in both connotative and denotative meanings in the classroom. With the consent of the teachers, lesson observations were conducted to observe the implementation of Stylistics in language learning lessons. Samples of students’ written work were collected from each group. Written samples were evaluated on the use of Stylistics characteristics along with creativity. Observations were recorded and analyzed to identify effective practices for using the creative writing style in the classroom. Data analysis included thematic analysis of interviewed questions, content analysis of students’ writing samples, and qualitative analysis of lesson observations. The data was analyzed to solve the issues related to the use of stylistics in the classroom and its result on students' creative writing skills.

3.2. Data Analysis

Enhancing Creative Writing Skills through Stylistics in the Classroom: Activities based on The Great Gatsby by F. Scott Fitzgerald. Analysis: A pre-test and post-test were conducted to evaluate how incorporating stylistic analysis from "The Great Gatsby" affected students' creative writing skills as given in pre-test analysis and post-test analysis.

3.2.1. Pre-Test Analysis

The students' responses to the prompt gave insight into their initial comprehension of the text's setting and mood. This served as a benchmark for evaluating their ability to describe effectively and analyze stylistic elements. The question also evaluates their aptitude for identifying and explaining literary devices, while capturing their understanding of subtle language nuances. Instructions: Please respond to the following prompts to the best of your ability.

1. Write a brief paragraph describing your interpretation of the opening scene of "The Great Gatsby" by F. Scott Fitzgerald. Focus on describing the setting and mood.
2. Choose a passage from the first chapter of "The Great Gatsby" that you find particularly descriptive or evocative. Explain what stylistic features (such as metaphors, similes, or imagery).

3.2.2. Post-Test Analysis

After examining the post-test analysis of the rewritten opening scene, students were expected to exhibit improvement in descriptive writing skills and the capacity to evoke mood
through stylistic choices. A comparison with their pre-test responses showcases the progress they made. Furthermore, this task assessed how well students integrate stylistic elements into their own writing. Their creative rewrites demonstrated an enhanced understanding of stylistics.

Instructions: Reflect on the activities and discussions related to "The Great Gatsby" and the stylistic analysis that we have engaged in during the previous lesson. Incorporate the stylistic elements you have learned about the following tasks.

1. Rewrite the opening scene of "The Great Gatsby" in your own words, emphasizing descriptive language and imagery to evoke the mood of the scene.
2. Select a different passage from the first chapter of "The Great Gatsby" and rewrite it in a way that adds your own creative touch while retaining the essence of the original text.

4. Overall Analysis

Comprehensive assessment of the responses was possible by comparing the pre-test and post-test. The utilization of stylistic analysis exercises had a notable effect. A growth in the implementation of vivid vocabulary had taken place. Positive indications were found within the post-test responses, specifically in the form of stylistic elements such as metaphors and imagery. Furthermore, enhancements in the students' capability for creative writing were observed as a result of the impact. Their writing skills exhibited an improvement as well. Enhanced awareness of stylistic elements includes identifying and analyzing said elements. Helping students be more aware, McIntyre and Price (2018) found that consistent writing styles were effective. When scrutinizing the Stylistics features, one can observe their language selections during the composition process. Linguistic tools can be identified and utilized by students through exposure to diverse texts. Improving descriptive writing can be done by utilizing writing styles that produce distinct effects. By achieving special effects, students can enhance their writing skills. Vivid and engaging descriptions can be created independently by developing the ability to do so. By analyzing the Stylistics features of texts, students learnt how to use specific language options such as sensory imagery and visual imagery to create detailed and powerful expositions. The findings revealed that pedagogical stylistics can encourage students to experiment with language and improve their writing styles. Stylistics also helped students to analyze and interpret texts in multifaceted ways and improved students’ critical thinking skills. By analyzing the Stylistics characteristics of the given literary text, students learned to identify the author’s and audience’ purpose besides knowing the underlying meaning and impact of language choices. It also developed students' creative writing skills by increasing awareness of various language choices, encouraging experimentation, and enhancing critical thinking skills. F. Scott Fitzgerald’s The Great Gatsby is replete with images. The other categories of figurative language used in the novel are similes, metaphors, and anthropomorphisms, to create a transparent and memorable depiction of scenes using words only. For example, the author describes Daisy’s voice as “full of money” and Gatsby’s smile as "one of those rare smiles with the quality of eternal comfort." The novel is full of iconic images, such as "the green light at the end of Daisy’s pier", and “the valley of ash”, These symbols signify intense issues and ideas than being mere words. As they represent the destructive power of wealth over the subordinate strata.

Stylistics featured encouraged to write paragraphs using similes, metaphors, and other techniques. Students also experimented with figurative language in their own writing. The use of Stylistics has seemed to have a significant impact not only on a student’s writing development but also on the detailed comprehension of literary texts. By studying the Stylistics features of literary texts, language students gauged how certain effects are achieved through the mere choices of language chains. It resulted in creating more engaging and effective writing and helped them to improve their own writing skills independently. By utilizing Stylistics, students enhanced their awareness of language and learned various literary techniques utilized by writers to generate an impact on readers and written text. This process improved their ability to assess and comprehend literary works, equipped them with the skills to scrutinize texts in more subtle ways, and fostered critical thinking. In analyzing literary works, students gained insight into the cultural and historical background in which they were composed. By studying the language style and other Stylistic elements, students were able to
recognize the implicit philosophical ideas and connect the dots for a more profound understanding. Additionally, the artistic approach of Stylistics enabled students to manipulate vocabulary creatively.

5. Conclusion

Enhancing creative writing skills can be achieved through integrating stylistics into writing instruction. This approach improves students' critical thinking abilities, enhanced writing abilities, and heightened language awareness. Nevertheless, challenges must be considered. The complexity of stylistic analysis and overemphasizing techniques are among these challenges. The efficacy of this method can be maximized by incorporating gradual integration, modeling, guided practice, and diverse text selection as best practices. Teaching creative writing should embody the features of stylistics, as emphasized in this study. Stylistics, which plays a crucial role in recognizing and studying linguistic elements in literary works, is a composite of the aforementioned sectors. This can also aid in instructing pupils on enhancing their writing skills by examining these aspects.

The findings show that writing style helps students to develop a deeper understanding of how language and form work together to create the desired meaning and have a long-lasting impact on writing. Educators can use Stylistics in multifaceted ways to come out with practical strategies to improve students' creative writing skills. It also includes accurate reading comprehension, language analysis, and creative writing practice. These strategies help students develop their own opinions as writers and improve their ability to achieve different effects through writing. The practical application of Stylistics in the classroom has had a significant impact on the development of creative writing pedagogy, as it emphasizes the importance of language and form in writing instruction. By using writing styles to teach creative writing, educators can help students develop the skills and knowledge they need to become more confident and effective writers.

There are further avenues for future research, especially combining literary pieces of work with Stylistics for teaching creative writing skills in classrooms. Future research may also conduct a comparative analysis between two different settings. The researchers may investigate the impact of Stylistics-based creative writing instruction on students at different levels of writing proficiency and consider the utility of these strategies for different groups of students. Future research can be carried out to analyze the impact of consolidating digital tools and resources. Incorporate online corpus analysis tools into creative writing stylistic instruction and explore how this impacts students’ engagement and learning outcomes.

References


